

Heckel's plot represents

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GPAT QUESTIONS

| | (a) Extent of plastic and elastic deformation of mater | rial du | iring compaction | | |
|------------|---|----------|-----------------------|--------------|-------------------|
| | (b) Force-time of force-displacement relationship | | | | |
| | (c) Pressure-porosity (volume) relationship | | | | |
| | (d) Stress relaxation measurements | | | | |
| 2. | Which of the following would cause increase in the | bindi | ing strength at the | dry granul | ation process in |
| | significant degree | | | | |
| | (a) Carboxymethylamylopectiglycolate | (b) N | Macrogol 4000 | | |
| | (c) Magnesium Stearate | (d) I | actose | | |
| 3. | The correct statements concerning concertation micr | roenca | apsulation | | |
| | (1) Concertation always leads to monophasic microc | capsul | 90N | | |
| | (2) When the gelatin is used for microcapsule's wall | mate | rial, the concertatio | n is bound | to happen |
| | (3) Only gelatin can be used for microcapsule's wall | | | | |
| | (4) Simple or compound concertation can be disting | guishe | ed according to the | number of | macromolecular |
| | colloids taking part in the process | | | | |
| | (5) The pH conditions of the system and the solubilit | ity of t | he auxiliary materia | als do not h | ave any effect on |
| | the preparation of the microcapsule | | | | |
| | (a) Only 1 and 4 are correct | (b) (| Only 2 and 3 are co | rrect | |
| | (c) Only 1 and 5 are correct | (d) (| Only 2 and 4 are co | rrect | |
| ł . | Cyclohexanone exhibits only peaks in 13CM | NMR s | spectrum due to syn | nmetry | |
| | (a) 2 (b) 3 | (c) 4 | 1 | (d) | 5 |
| 5. | If an organic compound does not absorb UV visib | ole rad | liation it means co | mpound d | loes not contain |
| | | | | | |
| | (a) Single bond | (b) S | Sigma bond | | |
| | (c) Conjugated double bond | (d) I | Dative bond | | |
| ó. | The positively polarized carbon atom of a carbonyl g | group | acts as | | |
| | (a) An electrophile and a lewis base | (b) A | A nucleophile and a l | lewis acid | |
| | (c) A nucleophile and a lewis base | (d) A | An electrophile and a | ı lewis acid | |
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| 7. | The Pinene hydrochloride rearranged into bornylte | rpenoid is called as | |
|-----|---|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | (a) Wagner-Meerwein rearrangement | (b) A nucleophile and a le | ewis acid |
| | (c) Fries rearrangements | (d) Backmann rearrange | ement |
| 8. | The mouse model for type I diabetes mellitus is | | |
| | (a) NZB mouse | (b) SCID mouse | |
| | (c) Nude mouse | (d) NOD mouse | |
| 9. | Cholesterol contributors to Of the biol | ogical membrane | |
| | (a) Rigidity | (b) Fluidity | |
| | (c) Permeability | (d) Osmolality | |
| 10. | Active site for all serine proteases consists of which | ı triad | |
| | (a) Ser-Glu-Asp | (b) Ser-Glu-Met | |
| | (c) Ser-His-Asp | (d) Ala-Glu-Met | |
| 11. | , Anthelmintics having Immunosuppres | sant activity. | |
| | (a) Piperazine (b) Levamisole | (c) Ivermectin | (d) Niclosamide |
| 12. | Which of the following is selective $\alpha 2$ selective antageneous antageneous selective $\alpha 2$ selective antageneous $\alpha 2$ selective $\alpha 2$ selective antageneous $\alpha 2$ selective $\alpha 2$ selective $\alpha 3$ selective $\alpha 4$ selective $\alpha 4$ selective $\alpha 5$ selective $\alpha 5$ selective $\alpha 6$ selective $\alpha 6$ selective $\alpha 7$ selective $\alpha 8$ selective | | |
| | (a) Clonidine | (b) Prozocin | |
| | (c) Phentalamine | (d) Yohimbine | |
| 13. | Which one of the following in NOT a protoplast fusi | | |
| | (a) Incacitivated Sendai Virus | (b) Ca ⁺⁺ at alkaline pH | |
| | (c) Polythelen glycol | (d) Coltchicine | |
| 14. | Clinically used Labetolol is | () P (| |
| 4 5 | (a) S, S (b) R, R | (c) R, S | (d) S, R |
| 15. | For intramuscular injection, angle of administration | _ | (1) 00 |
| 1.0 | (a) 30 (b) 45 | (c) 60 | (d) 90 |
| 16. | Aromatase is an enzyme complex that is the target | for several anticancer drug | gs. which of the following |
| | anticancer drugs targets aromatase | (b) Reloxifene | |
| | (a) Cyptoteraone acetate(c) Aminoglutethimide | (d) Testosterone propio | nato |
| 17. | Vinca alkaloids that are used in combination there | | |
| 17. | normally gain resistance to these agents | apy to deat a variety of the | nors. How to cancer cers |
| | (a) Mutation of the target structure | | |
| | (b) Overexpression of the carrier protein called P- | glyconrotein | |
| | (c) Increased metabolism of the drug | giyeoprotein | |
| | (d) Decreased ability of the drug to enter target cel | lls | |
| 18. | A set of closely related genes of generic markers that | | unit is |
| | (a) Cistron (b) Gene families | (c) Haplotype | (d) Haploid |
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| 19. | Ginseng saponins belong to the series of | | | | |
|-----|--|--------|----------------------------|---------------|----------------|
| | (a) Lupane (d) Brsane | (c) | Oleanane | (d) Damm | rane |
| 20. | Stokes Einstein equation to the series of | | | | |
| | (a) Enegy changes in Sedimentaition suspension se | tting | | | |
| | (b) Sedimetation of suspention | | | | |
| | (c) Diffusion coefficient | | | | |
| | (d) Coefficient of energy consumption | | | | |
| 21. | The source of radiation for FAR IR spectrometer is. | | | | |
| | (a) Golay cell | (b) | Nernst glower and g | lobar | |
| | (c) Mercury lamp | (d) | Highly heated tungsto | en filament | |
| 22. | Which of the following alkaloids derived from lysine | 9 | | | |
| | (a) Emtin | (b) | Cinchonidin | | |
| | (c) Brucin | (d) | Lobelin | | |
| 23. | The agent that can only be given intravenously for l | heart | failure is | | |
| | (a) Digoxin | (b) | Amiodarone | | |
| | (c) Quinidine | (d) | Dobutamine | | |
| 24. | A prescription order for an antibiotic preparation i | nclu | des the directions 'ii gt | t AU q.i.d" v | what auxiliary |
| | label should be affixed to the prescription order cor | ıtaine | er | | |
| | (a) Take with meals DISC | (b) | For the eye | | |
| | (c) For rectal use | (d) | For the eye For the ear | | |
| 25. | Which one of the following amino acid residues is sp | oecifi | cally recognized by chy | motrypsin o | during peptide |
| | bond cleavage | | | | |
| | (a) Phe (b) Leu | (c) | Val | (d) Asp | |
| 26. | Which of the following criteria should be considered | ed w | hen reviewing a medi | cation for a | ddition to the |
| | hospital formulary | | | | |
| | (a) The amount of samples provided to hospital ph | ysicia | ans | | |
| | (b) Research funds donated to the hospital by the p | oharr | naceutical company | | |
| | (c) National adverse drug reaction reports | | | | |
| | (d) Whether is a gluten-free oral formulation | | | | |
| 27. | Identify the GABA reuptake inhibitor | | | | |
| | (a) Progabide (b) Tigabine | (c) | Bicuculline | (d) Baclofe | en |
| 28. | What in the reason of complicated penetration of s | ome | drugs through brain-b | lood barrier | • |
| | (a) High lipid solubility of a drug | | | | |
| | (b) High endocytosis degree in a brain capillary | | | | |
| | (c) Absence of pores in the brain capillary endothe | lium | | | |
| | (d) Meningitis | | | | |
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| 29. | Reynold's number is given by | | |
|-----|---|---|---------------------------------|
| | (a) Re = $\mu/\rho vD$ | (b) Re = $\rho v/\mu D$ | |
| | (c) Re = $\rho vD/\mu$ | (d) Re = $vD/\rho\mu$ | |
| 30. | The increase in concentration of second messe | engers (cAMP, cGMP, Ca ²⁺ et | c.) leads to: |
| | (a) Inhibition of intracellular protein kinases a | and protein phosphorylatio | n |
| | (b) Protein kinases activation and protein pho | osphorylation | |
| | (c) blocking of interaction between a receptor | r and an effector | |
| | (d) Antagonism with endogenous legands | | |
| 31. | Which of the following cholinomimetics activate | tes both muscarinic and nic | cotinic receptors |
| | (a) Lobeline (b) Pilocarpine | (c) Carbachol | (d) Bethanechol |
| 32. | Deoxy position of deoxyribose in DNA is at | | |
| | (a) 1 st carbon (b) 2 nd carbon | (c) 3 rd carbon | (d) 5 th carbon |
| 33. | All are potent 3A4 inhibitors EXCEPT | | |
| | (a) Antifungals (-azoles) | (b) Protease inhibit | ors (-avir) |
| | (c) Macrolides (-mycin) | (d) Barbiturates | |
| 34. | 'Probability of nonsterility' is given by | TAGE | |
| | (a) F value (b) Z value | (c) D value | (d) None of the above |
| 35. | Which of the following is a selective medium for | or the growth of vibreochel | erae |
| | (a) Thayer martin medium | (b) Cefoxitin cyclose | |
| | (c) Skirrow's medium | (d) Thiosulfate citra | tr bile surcrose agar |
| 36. | Specific conductance unit is | | |
| | (a) Ohm cm ⁻¹ (b) Mho cm ⁻¹ | (c) Ohm cm | (d) None of the above |
| 37. | Karplus curve is associated with which spectro | oscopy | |
| | (a) UV (b) Mass | (c) FTIR | (d) NMR |
| 38. | Which of the following pair of volujmetric method | od of argentometric titration | n and indicator used is matched |
| | correctly | | |
| | (1) Fajan's Method | Chromate | |
| | (2) Mohr's method | Fluroescein | |
| | (3) Vohlard's method | Ferric salt | |
| | The method and indicator matches correctly in | | |
| | (a) 1 and 2 only (b) 2 and 3 only | (c) 3 only | (d) 2 only |
| 39. | The reaction of the citric acid cycle that is mos | | hydrogenase complex catalyzed |
| | conversion of pyruvate to acetyl-CoA is the con | nversion of | |
| | (a) Citrate to isocitrate | (b) Fumarate to ma | |
| | (c) Malate to oxaloacetate | (d) α -ketogultarate | to succinyl-CoA |
| | | | |



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| 40. | Which one of the following pairs of lipids & related c | comp | ounds exbibit opposite | e bio | logical activities | |
|-----|---|--------|------------------------------------|----------|-----------------------------|--|
| | (a) 5-HPETE & leukotriene D4 | | (b) Cholic acid & Lithocholic acid | | | |
| | (c) Neuraminidase Inhibitors | (d) | Acetone & β-hydroxy | buty | prate | |
| 41. | HIV may NOT respond to | | | | | |
| | (a) Nucleoside analogues | (b) | Protease inhibitors | | | |
| | (c) Neuraminidase inhibitors | (d) | Reverse transcriptase | inh | ibitors | |
| 42. | Palmitic, oleic or stearic acid ester of cholesterol use | ed ma | anufacture of cosmetic | crea | ıms is | |
| | (a) Oleo oil (b) Lanoline | (c) | Spermaceti | (d) | Chaulmoogra oil | |
| 43. | Is needed for suspensions, lotions, emulsion | ons, | creams and ointments | to k | eeps a high container | |
| | consistency and yet pour and spread easily when r | need | ed. It also is satisfactor | ry fo | r IM slow release yet | |
| | easy to inject | | | | | |
| | (a) Thinxotropy (b) Rheopecty | (c) | Rheology | (d) | Newtonian flow | |
| 44. | The enzyme superoxide dismutase (SOD) converts | | | | | |
| | (a) O_2 -to hydrogen peroxide (H_2O_2) | (b) | Hydrogen peroxide (H | H_2O_2 | to H ₂ O | |
| | (c) H ₂ O to hydroxyl (OH) redicals | (d) | O_2 - toO_2 | | | |
| 45. | For first order reactions the rate constant, k, has the | unit | s as | | | |
| | (a) Ms^{-1} (b) $M^{-1}s^{-1}$ | (c) | $M^{-2} s^{-1}$ | (d) | s ⁻¹ | |
| 46. | Which of the following may be used to assess the rela | ative | bioavailability of two | hem | ically equivalent drug | |
| | product in a crossover study | U D | L E D | | | |
| | (a) Dissolution test | (b) | Peak concentration | | | |
| | (c) Time-to-peak concentration | (d) | Area under the plasm | a lev | el time curve | |
| 47. | A 25.0 mL sample of a solution of a monoprotic acid $\stackrel{\cdot}{}$ | is tit | rated with a 0.115 M N | la0H | solution the titration | |
| | curve shows equivalence point at 7.05. which of the $$ | follo | wing indicators would | be b | est for this titration | |
| | (a) Methyl red (b) Bromthymol blue | (c) | Thymol blue | (d) | Phenopltalein | |
| 48. | Which of the following in termed as mass filter | | | | | |
| | (a) Time of flight (b) Farady cup | (c) | Quadupole | (d) | Ion trap | |
| 49. | Which of the following is produced in phenyl propa | noic | l pathway | | | |
| | (a) PHenolics (b) Catotenes | (c) | Alkaloids | (d) | Terpenes | |
| 50. | A diode array detector coupled with UV detection is | adva | ntageous because it | | | |
| | (a) Covers a range of wavelengths | | | | | |
| | (b) Allow lower concentrations of analyte to be dete | ected | l | | | |
| | (c) Speeds up the detection at a single wavelength | | | | | |
| | (d) Allows a single wavelength of detection to be mo | orep | recisely chosen | | | |
| 51. | The LOD of an analysis is at the femtogram level. This | is co | rresponds to detection | at th | he | |
| | (a) $1 \text{ in } 10^{-18} \text{ level}$ (b) $1 \text{ in } 10^{-15} \text{ level}$ | (c) | 1 in 10 ⁻¹² level | (d) | 1 in 10 ⁻⁹ level | |
| | | | | | | |



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| 52. | Which are those therapeutic systems, which liberate | the a | ctive ingredient through a specia | al hole, prepared |
|-----|---|------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
| | by laser | | | |
| | (a) TTS patches (b) IUD systems | (c) | OCUSERT systems (d) ORO | S systems |
| 53. | Which of following chromatographic technique is mos | st sui | table for small, nonvolatile water- | insoluble solutes |
| | (a) GC | (b) | Reverse phase LC | |
| | (c) Normal phase LC | (d) | SEC | |
| 54. | Which of the following antiviral agent in not a nucleo | oside | analog | |
| | (a) Moroxidin | (b) | Vidarabine | |
| | (c) Cytarabine | (d) | Idoxuridine | |
| 55. | Regarding two compartment pharmocokenitics all a | re tri | ue EXCEPT | |
| | (a) A drug is always removed from the peripheral of | comp | partment | |
| | (b) A drug with a high volume of distribution is like | ly to | be lipophilic | |
| | (c) A drug can have a short duration of action while | e bei | ng eliminated very slowly | |
| | (d) Most anesthetic drugs are modelled well with a | two- | compartment model | |
| 56. | Phenothiazine is obtained bywith sulfur | | | |
| | (a) Cyclization of dibenzyl | (b) | Cyclization of diphenyl amine | |
| | (c) Reduction of diphenyl amine | (d) | Reduction of dibenzyl amine | |
| 57. | Vitamin K is constituted ofring | TQ | SION | |
| | (a) Hdroquinone | (b) | Nathphaquinone | |
| | (c) Lonone | (d) | Denzimidazole | |
| 58. | To balace intellectual property protection, competition | on ar | nd access to affordable prescripti | on drug, the act |
| | made by US government is | | | |
| | (a) Drug Price Competition act | (b) | Patent term Restroration act | |
| | (c) Hatch-Waxman act | (d) | Orphan Drug Act | |
| 59. | Gridnard test is used for the detection of | | | |
| | (a) Falavonoids | | S- gyycosides | |
| | (c) Cyanogenetic glycosides | (d) | O-glycosides | |
| 60. | Which hormone works antagonistically to parathorn | mone | e | |
| | (a) Triiodothyronine (b) Insulin | (c) | Estrogen (d) Calci | tronin |
| 61. | Drugs that have been found to be useful in one or m | nore | types of heart failure include all | of the following |
| | EXCEPT | | | |
| | (a) Na ⁺ /K ⁺ ATPase inhibitors | | lpha adrenoceptor agonitst | |
| | (c) β Adrenocepotor agonists and antagonists | (d) | ACE inhibitors | |
| 62. | Which one of the following is used in the Ames test | <i>a</i> . | | |
| | (a) E. coli | | Streptococcus aureus | |
| | (c) Pseudomonas aerogenosa | | Salmonielia typhimurium | |
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| 63. | Which of the ultrashor | t acting adrenergic b | locker | | | |
|--------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| | (a) Carvedilol | (b) Atenolol | (c) | Esmolol | (d) | Acetutotol |
| 64. | Match the following bi | ochemical transform | ations with co | enzymes involve | ed | |
| | (i) α -Ketoglutarate t | o glutamic acid | (a) | Tetrahydrofalat | e | |
| | (ii) Uridine to thymid | ine | (b) | NADH | | |
| | (iii) Pyruvid acid to ac | etyl coenzyme A | (c) | Thiamine pyrop | phosphate | |
| | | | | Pyridoxamine | | |
| | (a) i-d, ii-a, iii-c | | | i-a, ii-b, iii-d | | |
| | (c) i-b, ii-a, iii-c | | | i-d, ii-b, iii-c | | |
| 65. | Drugs that show nonli | - | | | | |
| | (a) A constant ratio o | _ | | | | se. |
| | (b) The elimination h | G | | | | |
| | | e plasma drug conce | ntration versu | is time curve ind | creasing in | direct proportion to |
| | | administered dose. | | | | |
| | (d) Both low and high | | | | | |
| | (e) The steady state d | | / | 1 | | |
| 66. | Appropriate reasons f | | | | | |
| | (P) Mnonchromaticity | \ 1 | DICOTIO | Very high conce | | f analyte |
| | (R) Association of ana | alyte | | Dissociation of | analyte | |
| | (a) P, Q AND R | | | Q, R, and S | | |
| | (c) P, R and S | | | P, Q and S | | |
| 67. | An alternaive to glycol | | | | | |
| | (a) Glyoxylate pathwa | ny | | Pentose phosph | • | ay |
| | (c) Citric acid cycle | | . , | Gluconeogenes | | |
| 68. | LeChatelier's principle | | | | | |
| | (a) Release energy as | | | Requires energ | _ | |
| | (c) Involves a chemic | • | | Gluconeogenes | | |
| 69. | In absorption spectro | metry, high values of | absorbance | values (grater th | nan 1 or 2 | tend to give poorer |
| | precision because | | | | | |
| | (a) Too much light sa | | | | | |
| | (b) Little light reaches | | | | | |
| | (c) Beer's law deviation | | | | | |
| | (d) Monochromators | | _ | | | |
| 70. | Ŭ, | | , the powde | er flow is rarely | acceptable | e for pharmaceutical |
| | manufacturing purpos | | | | | |
| | (a) 25 | (b) 30 | (c) | 50 | (d) | 60 |
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| 71. | The chelate, EDTA4: can o | described as what type of ch | ielati | ing ligand | | |
|-----|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|--------------------------|------|-----------------------|
| | (a) Bidentate | (b) Tetradentate | (c) | Hexadentate | (d) | Tridentafe |
| 72. | Living cells are negatively | charged inside primarily by | oecai | use of | | |
| | (a) ATP, organic acids, an | nd other negative molecules | that | t cannot escape | | |
| | (b) Removal of sodium i | ons, which are positively cl | harg | ed, by the Na+/K pump |) | |
| | (c) Extrusion of Ca2+ io | n, which is much more cond | centr | ated outside a cell than | ins! | ide |
| | (d) Cell membranes that | are more permeable to po | tassi | um than sodium | | |
| 73. | Which of the following da | rugs requires administratio | n on | an empty stomach | | |
| | (a) Naproxen | | (b) | Levothyroxine | | |
| | (c) Prednisone | | (d) | Nitrofurantoin | | |
| 74. | Which of the following is | a non- aqueous binder | | | | |
| | (a) Ethyl cellulose | (b) Starch | (c) | Veegum | (d) | Bentonite |
| 75. | Which of the following da | rugs requires administratio | n on | an empty stomach | | |
| | (a) Cannbichromene | | (b) | Cannabinol | | |
| | (c) Cannabidiol | | (d) | Tetrahydorcannabino | l | |
| 76. | What is the osmolality of | a solution if one mmole of a | gluco | se and two mmoles of | NaCl | are dissolved in 1 kg |
| | of the water | | | -7.1 | | |
| | (a) 3 m0sm | (b) 4 mOsm | (c) | 5 m0sm | (d) | 6 mOsm |
| 77. | How much can be the wo | rking revolution per minut | e (R | PM) of the ball mill | | |
| | (a) 23-28 "D where D m | eans the diameter of jar | 1 1 | | | |
| | (b) Two times more than | n the critical revolution per | min | ute | | |
| | (c) 42.3 "D (D=diameter | of the jar) | | | | |
| | (d) The average of critic | al RPM and the optional RF | PM | | | |
| 78. | A compound with an -OI | H group and -OR group bor | | | om i | S |
| | (a) An actal | (b) A hemicacetal | ` , | A simple ether | ` , | An aldol |
| 79. | | reagent with aldehydes and | | | | |
| | (a) NEcleophilic addition | | . , | Necleophillic substitu | | |
| | (c) Electrophllic substitu | | | Electrophilic addition | | |
| 80. | | nction of moles of p | | | | |
| | (a) 1 | (b) 2 | (c) | 3 | (d) | 4 |
| 81. | | fuction, it is a reducing su | gar | | | |
| | (a) Hemiacetal | (b) Acetal | (c) | Aldehyde | (d) | Ketal |
| 82. | Adverse effect of cerivast | | | | | |
| | (a) Higher risk of rhabo | omyolysis | | Anaphylaxis | | |
| | (c) Hepatic disorder | | (d) | Hemolytic anemia | | |
| | | | | | | |

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| 83. | . Following emigration from blood vesels, leucocyte migration to the site of infection or injury in | | | | |
|-----|---|-------|---|-----------------------------|--|
| | mediated by | | | | |
| | (a) Bradykinin | (b) | Chemokines and Com | plements C5a | |
| | (c) Histamine | (d) | Prostaglandins | | |
| 84. | In adults, drugs are an important cause of Fanconi | 's sy | ndrome. Drugs that c | ause Fanconi's Syndrome | |
| | include which group below. Select One | | | | |
| | (a) Antiretroviral agents, aminoglycosides, glucocort | ticoi | ds | | |
| | (b) Tenofovir, outdated tetracycline, cisplatin | | | | |
| | (c) Cidofovir, galactose supplements, NSAIDs | | | | |
| | (d) Cyclosporin, Tenofovir, lamivudine | | | | |
| 85. | Which of the following is a type of phytoestrogen | | | | |
| | (a) F (b) W | (c) | G | (d) Y | |
| 86. | Which aerosol particles will be deposited in alveoli | | | | |
| | (a) $>20 \mu m$ (b) $<0.6 \mu m$ | (c) | 2 and 6 μm | (d) 1-2 μm | |
| 87. | According to lipinskl's rule of 5 , which of the follow | ving | properties of drug mo | lecules are likely to cause | |
| | poor oral absorption | | | | |
| | (a) A molecular weight lesser than 500 | (b) | A log P less than 5 | | |
| | (c) Less than 5 hydrogen bond donors | (d) | More than 10 hydrog | gen bond accepters | |
| 88. | Polarographic method of analysis to obtain indivisua | ıl an | ionuts of Cu ²⁺ and Cd ²⁻ | in a given mixture of the | |
| | ions (Cu ²⁺ and Cd ²⁺) is achieved by measuring their | M 1 | | | |
| | (a) Half way potentials | (b) | Migration currents | | |
| | (c) Decomposition potentials | (d) | Diffusion currents | | |
| 89. | The most widely used agent for the treatment of acu | te go | out arthritis is | | |
| | (a) Indemethacin | | Allopurinol | | |
| | (c) Colchicine | ` , | Probenecid | | |
| 90. | Which of the following actions of norepinephrin | ne w | ould be antagonized | by prazosin but not by | |
| | propranolol. | | | | |
| | (a) Increased heart rate | | Mydriasis | | |
| | (c) Relases of rennin | ` , | Glycogenolysis | | |
| 91. | Arginine serves as a precursor for which of the vaso | | | | |
| | (a) Bradykinin | ` , | Atrial natriuretic pept | tide | |
| | (c) Nitrous oxide | (d) | L- Citrulline | | |
| 92. | Which of the following is a test of digitoxose | | | | |
| | (a) Keller Kiliani's | | Kedde's reagent | | |
| | (c) Raymond's reagent | (d) | Baljet's reagent | | |
| | | | | | |

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|------|--|--|----------------------------------|
| 93. | The Vd for phenytoin is 70 L and half li | fe is 1.5 hours. What is the total c | clearance of phenytoin |
| | (a) 34.32 L/h | (b) 32.34 L/h | |
| | (c) 151.5 L/h | (d) 51.51 L/h | |
| 94. | Which of the following phytohormone | usually acts as bud inhibitor | |
| | (a) Gibberlin (b) Ctyokini | n (c) Zeatin | (d) Indole Acetic acid |
| 95. | What is the main different between HP | LC and UPLC | |
| | (a) HPLC is reverse-phase whereas UF | PLC in normal-phase | |
| | (b) UPLC employs smaller stationary-p | hase particle size | |
| | (c) HPLC and UPLC employ different n | nobile phase | |
| | (d) HPLC and UPLC employ different d | etection methods | |
| | (e) HPLC operates at higher mobile pl | iase pressures | |
| 96. | Which drug is associated with hepatic/ | renal toxic metabolite, N-acetyl-p | benzoquione |
| | (a) Diclofenac (b) Meclofen | namate (c) Indomethacin | (d) Acetaminophen |
| 97. | What is the percentage of chlorpromazin | e (pKa = 9.3) exiting in ionized form | m in a solution of chlorpromazin |
| | hydrochloride at pH 7.4 | | |
| | (a) 98.76 (b) 1.24 | (c) 0.32 | (d) 99.68 |
| 98. | Which of the following is a GLP-1 agon | ist TPA | |
| | (a) Sitagliptin (b) Pramiltie | de (c) Exenatide | (d) Eparlrestat |
| 99. | What is mechanism of aprotinin | C E N T E B | |
| | (a) Inhibits Corboxypeptidase | (b) Inhibits Plasmir | nogen |
| | (c) Inhibits plasmin | (d) Inhibits plasmir | nogen activator |
| 100. | Absolute alcohol is prepared from spiri | t by | |
| | (a) Distillation | (b) Azeotropic dist | illation |
| | (c) Fractional distillation | (c) All of the above | e |
| 101. | Which of the following is interleukin ag | onist | |
| | (a) Aldesleukin (b) Rituxima | ab (c) Anakinra | (d) Etarecept |
| 102. | An extension of the normal pharmacolo | ogical effects of a drug or its metal | polite is termed as |
| | (a) Type A ADR (b) Type B | ADR (c) Type C ADR | (d) Type D ADR |
| 103. | Which of the following parameters is/a | re important in determining bioe | quivalence |
| | (a) T_{max} (b) C_{max} | (c) AUC and C_{max} | (d) None of these |
| 104. | What are known as balsams | | |
| | (a) Resins dissolved in volatile oil | (b) A mixture of vo | latile oils with sesquiterpenes |
| | (c) Solidified resin devoid of votatile te | erpenes (d) Polysaccharide | mixed with volatile oil |
| 105. | Sesquiterpenes are formed from | In the plants | |
| | (a) Farnesyl-pyrophosphate | (b) Geranyl farnesy | yl pyrophosphate |
| | (c) Coloring material | (d) Degraded produ | ucts of trierpenes |

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| 106. | Wh | ich of the following is a type of phytoestrogen | | | | |
|------|---------|--|---------|--------------------------|-------------|---------------|
| | (a) | Lutein | (b) | Indoles | | |
| | (c) | Isothicotynates | (d) | Genistein | | |
| 107. | Atta | achment of polyethylene glycol (PEG) to proteins/ | dru dru | gs do all of the followi | ng EXCEPT | |
| | (a) | Protect them form rapid hydrolysis or degradati | ion | | | |
| | (b) | Improves micromole solubility | | | | |
| | (c) | Increases absorption form the gut | | | | |
| | (d) | Minimizing the uptake by the cells of the reticulo | end | othelial systems | | |
| 108. | Ider | ntify the harmful drug-drug interaction | | | | |
| | (a) | Imipenem - Cilastatin | (b) | L-Dopa-Entacapone | | |
| | (c) | Meperidine - Pargyline | (d) | Methotrexate - leucov | orin | |
| 109. | Syn | thesis of thyroid hormone in inhibited by all EXC | EPT. | | | |
| | (a) | Propyl thiouracil | (b) | Methimazole | | |
| | (c) | Perchlorate | (d) | Diatrazoate | | |
| 110. | Cho | ose correct statement for PEGylation: | | | | |
| | (a) | Used to enhance In-vivo half-life of smaller Pept | ides | and proteins | | |
| | (b) | Avoidance of Reticulo-endothelial (RES) clearance | e | 7.1 | | |
| | (c) | Reduce clearance rate through kidney | IS | SION | | |
| | (d) | W (C: H. D | JJ | FR | | |
| 111. | Wh | ich of the following is a common herbal remedy | for i | nsomnia | | |
| | . , | Milk thistle (b) Echinacea | • • | Eucalyptus | (d) Valeria | |
| 112. | | vhich category of in vitro in vivo correlation the i | | | _ | |
| | | mean residence time of to the mean residence time | | | | ime |
| | (a) | | (c) | | (d) D | |
| 113. | | at does the Hammett substituent constant (σ) me | | | | |
| | (a) | The steric effect of a substituent | • • | The electronic effect of | | |
| | (c) | The hydrophobic effect of a substituent | | The effect on pH of a | | |
| 114. | | perty exploited by electroanalytical technique of | | | | |
| | . , | Electric potential | • • | Electrical charge | | |
| | . , | Elcectrical current | (d) | Electrical resistance | | |
| 115. | | are true EXCEPT | | | | |
| | . , | Soft soaps give emulsions with a pH in the basic | ran | ge | | |
| | | Hard soaps form water-in-oil emulsions | | | | |
| | (c) | Water-soluble polymers favor the formation of v | | | | _ |
| | (d) | On the HLB system, lower numbers are assigned | d to | lipophilic compounds | while highe | r numbers are |
| | | assigned to hydrophilic compounds | | | | |
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| callus culture, roots can | be induced by the supply | of | | |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
|) Auxin and no cytokini | in | | | |
|) Higher concentration | of auxin and lower concer | tatio | n of cytokinin | |
| Higher concentration | of cytokinin and lower con | ncen | tration of auxin | |
| l) Auxin and cytokiinin | in equal proprotions | | | |
| rostaglandin used in the | treatment of postpartum h | emo | rrhage is | |
|) Carboprost | (b) Latanoprost | (c) | Bimatotprost | (d) Travoprost |
| lentity 5HT3 receptor and | tagonist which is 5HT4 ago | onist | also | |
|) Metoclopramide | (b) Cispride | (c) | Cilassetron | (d) Graniseton |
| hich of the following AT-I | I receptor antagonists (SAR | TAN | s) does not possess tetra | azole moiety in its structure |
|) Losartan | | (b) | Irbesartan | |
|) Telmisartan | | (d) | Valsartan | |
| hat useful information o | can be found from a Van D | eem | ter plot | |
|) Optimum selectivity fa | actor | (b) | Optimum mobile phas | se flow rate |
|) Optimum column tem | perature | (d) | The capacity factor | |
| rockman activity Scale' is | s used in the characterizati | on o | f, | |
|) Stationary phase | | (b) | Mobile Phase | |
| e) Buffer System used | DISCI | (d) | Column specification | |
| he FDA allows a maximu | m of salicylic acid | l in c | ommercial aspirin tabl | lets |
| a) 0.05 % | (b) 0.1 % | (c) | 0.15% | (d) 0.25 % |
| phenolic acid compound | d isolated from the ripe fru | its o | f myrobalan (karitaki). | |
|) Chebulic acid | | (b) | Ferulic acid | |
| e) Emblicanin | | (d) | Pivalic acid | |
| | | | | |
| | | . , | | |
| , | | | | |
| • | | | | ng EXCERT |
| | - | _ | dotrophins | |
| | | e | | |
| | | | | |
| l) Decrease in thyroid h | normone production | | | |
| | | | | |
| | End-C | | | |
| | Auxin and no cytokin Higher concentration Higher concentration Auxin and cytokiinin costaglandin used in the Carboprost entity 5HT3 receptor and Metoclopramide Thich of the following AT-I Cosartan Telmisartan That useful information of Optimum selectivity fart Optimum column temprockman activity Scale' is Stationary phase Buffer System used The FDA allows a maximum Outline acid compound Chebulic acid Emblicanin Safoetida _Nitric acid given Reddish-brown colou Yellowish-orange coloud Chebulic acid Decrease in adrencor Decrease in release of Increase in prolacting | Auxin and no cytokinin Higher concentration of auxin and lower concentration of cytokinin and lower concentrations are concentration of cytokinin and lower concentration in equal proportions costaglandin used in the treatment of postpartum highlights and concentration in the concentration is shown in the concentration of the following AT-II receptor antagonists (SAR concentration). Losartan Telmisartan That useful information can be found from a Van Dought of the characterization of the concentration of the characterization of the | Auxin and no cytokinin Higher concentration of auxin and lower concertation Higher concentration of cytokinin and lower concent Auxin and cytokiinin in equal proprotions rostaglandin used in the treatment of postpartum hemo Carboprost Button antagonist which is 5HT4 agonist Metoclopramide Carbopramide Carboprost Carbop | Higher concentration of auxin and lower concertation of cytokinin Higher concentration of cytokinin and lower concentration of auxin Higher concentration of cytokinin and lower concentration of auxin Higher concentration of cytokinin and lower concentration of auxin Higher concentration of cytokinin and lower concentration of auxin Higher concentration of cytokinin and lower concentration of auxin Higher concentration of cytokinin and lower concentration of auxin Higher concentration of cytokinin and lower concentration of auxin Higher concentration of cytokinin and lower concentration of auxin Higher concentration of cytokinin and lower concentration of auxin Higher concentration of cytokinin and lower concentration of auxin Higher concentration of postpartum hemorrhage is |

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| 1-c | 2-b | 3-d | 4-c | 5-c | 6-d | 7-a | 8-d | 9-a | 10-с |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 11-b | 12-d | 13-d | 14-b | 15-d | 16-с | 17-b | 18-c | 19-d | 20-с |
| 21-с | 22-d | 23-d | 24-d | 25-a | 26-с | 27-b | 28-c | 29-с | 30-b |
| 31-c | 32-b | 33-d | 34-a | 35-d | 36-b | 37-d | 38-c | 39-d | 40-с |
| 41-c | 42-b | 43-a | 44-a | 45-d | 46-с | 47-b | 48-с | 49-a | 50-a |
| 51-b | 52-d | 53-b | 54-a | 55-a | 56-b | 57-b | 58-c | 59-с | 60-d |
| 61-b | 62-d | 63-c | 64-с | 65-b | 66-b | 67-b | 68-b | 69-b | 70-с |
| 71-c | 72-a | 73-b | 74-a | 75-d | 76-c | 77-a | 78-b | 79-a | 80-с |
| 81-a | 82-a | 83-b | 84-b | 85-с | 86-d | 87-d | 88-d | 89-с | 90-b |
| 91-c | 92-a | 93-b | 94-d | 95-b | 96-d | 97-a | 98-с | 99-с | 100-d |
| 101-с | 102-a | 103-с | 104-a | 105-a | 106-d | 107-с | 108-с | 109-d | 110-a |
| 111-d | 112-b | 113-b | 114-b | 115-с | 116-b | 117-a | 118-b | 119-с | 120-b |
| 121-a | 122-с | 123-a | 124-b | 125-d | | | | | |

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